CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1856

Chapter 70, Laws of 1995

54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

Model toxics control act--Liability of lenders

EFFECTIVE DATE: 7/23/95

Passed by the House March 8, 1995 Yeas 98 Nays 0

CLYDE BALLARD

Speaker of the House of Representatives

Passed by the Senate April 5, 1995 Yeas 44 Nays 0

JOEL PRITCHARD

President of the Senate

Approved April 17, 1995

CERTIFICATE

I, Timothy A. Martin, Chief Clerk of the House of Representatives of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1856** as passed by the House of Representatives and the Senate on the dates hereon set forth.

TIMOTHY A. MARTIN

Chief Clerk

FILED

April 17, 1995 - 4:10 p.m.

Secretary of State State of Washington

MIKE LOWRY

Governor of the State of Washington

SUBSTITUTE HOUSE BILL 1856

Passed Legislature - 1995 Regular Session

State of Washington 54th Legislature 1995 Regular Session

By House Committee on Financial Institutions & Insurance (originally sponsored by Representatives Blanton, Costa, Dickerson, D. Schmidt, Thompson, Radcliff, Sherstad, Beeksma and Romero)

Read first time 02/27/95.

1 AN ACT Relating to clarifying the liability of lenders under the 2 model toxics control act; amending RCW 70.105D.020; and reenacting and 3 amending RCW 70.105D.030.

4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:

5 Sec. 1. RCW 70.105D.020 and 1994 c 254 s 2 are each amended to 6 read as follows:

7 (1) "Agreed order" means an order issued by the department under this chapter with which the potentially liable person receiving the 8 9 order agrees to comply. An agreed order may be used to require or 10 approve any cleanup or other remedial actions but it is not a settlement under RCW 70.105D.040(4) and shall not contain a covenant 11 not to sue, or provide protection from claims for contribution, or 12 13 provide eligibility for public funding of remedial actions under RCW 14 70.105D.070(2)(d)(xi).

15 (2) "Department" means the department of ecology.

16 (3) "Director" means the director of ecology or the director's 17 designee.

(4) "Facility" means (a) any building, structure, installation,equipment, pipe or pipeline (including any pipe into a sewer or

publicly owned treatment works), well, pit, pond, lagoon, impoundment, ditch, landfill, storage container, motor vehicle, rolling stock, vessel, or aircraft, or (b) any site or area where a hazardous substance, other than a consumer product in consumer use, has been deposited, stored, disposed of, or placed, or otherwise come to be located.

7 (5) "Federal cleanup law" means the federal comprehensive
8 environmental response, compensation, and liability act of 1980, 42
9 U.S.C. Sec. 9601 et seq., as amended by Public Law 99-499.

(6) <u>"Foreclosure and its equivalents" means purchase at a</u> 10 foreclosure sale, acquisition, or assignment of title in lieu of 11 foreclosure, termination of a lease, or other repossession, acquisition 12 of a right to title or possession, an agreement in satisfaction of the 13 obligation, or any other comparable formal or informal manner, whether 14 pursuant to law or under warranties, covenants, conditions, 15 representations, or promises from the borrower, by which the holder 16 acquires title to or possession of a facility securing a loan or other 17 18 obligation.

19 <u>(7)</u> "Hazardous substance" means:

(a) Any dangerous or extremely hazardous waste as defined in RCW
70.105.010 (5) and (6), or any dangerous or extremely dangerous waste
designated by rule pursuant to chapter 70.105 RCW;

(b) Any hazardous substance as defined in RCW 70.105.010(14) or any
hazardous substance as defined by rule pursuant to chapter 70.105 RCW;
(c) Any substance that, on March 1, 1989, is a hazardous substance
under section 101(14) of the federal cleanup law, 42 U.S.C. Sec.
9601(14);

28 (d) Petroleum or petroleum products; and

(e) Any substance or category of substances, including solid waste decomposition products, determined by the director by rule to present a threat to human health or the environment if released into the environment.

The term hazardous substance does not include any of the following when contained in an underground storage tank from which there is not a release: Crude oil or any fraction thereof or petroleum, if the tank is in compliance with all applicable federal, state, and local law.

37 (((7))) (8) "Holder" means a person who holds indicia of ownership 38 primarily to protect a security interest. A holder includes the 39 initial holder such as the loan originator, any subsequent holder such

as a successor-in-interest or subsequent purchaser of the security 1 interest on the secondary market, a guarantor of an obligation, surety, 2 or any other person who holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect 3 4 a security interest, or a receiver, court appointed trustee, or other person who acts on behalf or for the benefit of a holder. A holder can 5 be a public or privately owned financial institution, receiver, 6 7 conservator, loan quarantor, or other similar persons that loan money 8 or guarantee repayment of a loan. Holders typically are banks or 9 savings and loan institutions but may also include others such as insurance companies, pension funds, or private individuals that engage 10 in loaning of money or credit. 11

(9) "Indicia of ownership" means evidence of a security interest, 12 evidence of an interest in a security interest, or evidence of an 13 14 interest in a facility securing a loan or other obligation, including any legal or equitable title to a facility acquired incident to 15 foreclosure and its equivalents. Evidence of such interests include, 16 mortgages, deeds of trust, sellers interest in a real estate contract, 17 liens, surety bonds, and quarantees of obligations, title held pursuant 18 19 to a lease financing transaction in which the lessor does not select initially the leased facility, or legal or equitable title obtained 20 pursuant to foreclosure and their equivalents. Evidence of such 21 interests also include assignments, pledges, or other rights to or 22 other forms of encumbrance against the facility that are held primarily 23 24 to protect a security interest.

25 (10) "Operating a facility primarily to protect a security 26 interest occurs when all of the following are met: (a) Operating the facility where the borrower has defaulted on the loan or otherwise 27 breached the security agreement; (b) operating the facility to preserve 28 29 the value of the facility as an ongoing business; (c) the operation is 30 being done in anticipation of a sale, transfer, or assignment of the facility; and (d) the operation is being done primarily to protect a 31 security interest. Operating a facility for longer than one year prior 32 to foreclosure or its equivalents shall be presumed to be operating the 33 34 facility for other than to protect a security interest. 35 (11) "Owner or operator" means:

36 (a) Any person with any ownership interest in the facility or who
 37 exercises any control over the facility; or

(b) In the case of an abandoned facility, any person who had owned,
 or operated, or exercised control over the facility any time before its
 abandonment;

4 The term does not include:

5 (i) An agency of the state or unit of local government which 6 acquired ownership or control involuntarily through bankruptcy, tax 7 delinquency, abandonment, or circumstances in which the government 8 involuntarily acquires title. This exclusion does not apply to an 9 agency of the state or unit of local government which has caused or 10 contributed to the release or threatened release of a hazardous 11 substance from the facility; or

(ii) A person who, without participating in the management of a facility, holds indicia of ownership primarily to protect the person's security interest in the facility. <u>Holders after foreclosure and its</u> <u>equivalent and holders who engage in any of the activities identified</u> <u>in subsection (12) (e) through (g) of this section shall not lose this</u> <u>exemption provided the holder complies with all of the following:</u>

(A) The holder properly maintains the environmental compliance
 measures already in place at the facility;

(B) The holder complies with the reporting requirements in the
 rules adopted under this chapter;

(C) The holder complies with any order issued to the holder by the
 department to abate an imminent or substantial endangerment;

(D) The holder allows the department or potentially liable persons under an order, agreed order, or settlement agreement under this chapter access to the facility to conduct remedial actions and does not impede the conduct of such remedial actions;

(E) Any remedial actions conducted by the holder are in compliance with any preexisting requirements identified by the department, or, if the department has not identified such requirements for the facility, the remedial actions are conducted consistent with the rules adopted under this chapter; and

33 (F) The holder does not exacerbate an existing release.

The exemption in this subsection (11)(b)(ii) does not apply to holders who cause or contribute to a new release or threatened release or who are otherwise liable under RCW 70.105D.040(1) (b), (c), (d), and (e); provided, however, that a holder shall not lose this exemption if it establishes that any such new release has been remediated according to the requirements of this chapter and that any hazardous substances 1 remaining at the facility after remediation of the new release are 2 divisible from such new release.

3 (((+8))) (12) "Participation in management" means exercising 4 decision-making control over the borrower's operation of the facility, 5 environmental compliance, or assuming or manifesting responsibility for 6 the overall management of the enterprise encompassing the day-to-day 7 decision making of the enterprise.

8 The term does not include any of the following: (a) A holder with 9 the mere capacity or ability to influence, or the unexercised right to control facility operations; (b) a holder who conducts or requires a 10 borrower to conduct an environmental audit or an environmental site 11 assessment at the facility for which indicia of ownership is held; (c) 12 a holder who requires a borrower to come into compliance with any 13 14 applicable laws or regulations at the facility for which indicia of ownership is held; (d) a holder who requires a borrower to conduct 15 remedial actions including setting minimum requirements, but does not 16 otherwise control or manage the borrower's remedial actions or the 17 scope of the borrower's remedial actions except to prepare a facility 18 19 for sale, transfer, or assignment; (e) a holder who engages in workout or policing activities primarily to protect the holder's security 20 interest in the facility; (f) a holder who prepares a facility for 21 sale, transfer, or assignment or requires a borrower to prepare a 22 facility for sale, transfer, or assignment; (g) a holder who operates 23 24 a facility primarily to protect a security interest, or requires a borrower to continue to operate, a facility primarily to protect a 25 26 security interest; and (h) a prospective holder who, as a condition of becoming a holder, requires an owner or operator to conduct an 27 environmental audit, conduct an environmental site assessment, come 28 29 into compliance with any applicable laws or regulations, or conduct remedial actions prior to holding a security interest is not 30 participating in the management of the facility. 31

32 (13) "Person" means an individual, firm, corporation, association, 33 partnership, consortium, joint venture, commercial entity, state 34 government agency, unit of local government, federal government agency, 35 or Indian tribe.

36 (((9))) (14) "Policing activities" means actions the holder takes 37 to insure that the borrower complies with the terms of the loan or 38 security interest or actions the holder takes or requires the borrower 39 to take to maintain the value of the security. Policing activities

include: Requiring the borrower to conduct remedial actions at the 1 facility during the term of the security interest; requiring the 2 borrower to comply or come into compliance with applicable federal, 3 4 state, and local environmental and other laws, regulations, and permits during the term of the security interest; securing or exercising 5 authority to monitor or inspect the facility including on-site 6 inspections, or to monitor or inspect the borrower's business or 7 8 financial condition during the term of the security interest; or taking 9 other actions necessary to adequately police the loan or security interest such as requiring a borrower to comply with any warranties, 10 covenants, conditions, representations, or promises from the borrower. 11 12 (15) "Potentially liable person" means any person whom the department finds, based on credible evidence, to be liable under RCW 13 14 70.105D.040. The department shall give notice to any such person and 15 allow an opportunity for comment before making the finding, unless an 16 emergency requires otherwise.

(((10))) <u>(16) "Prepare a facility for sale, transfer, or</u> 17 18 assignment" means to secure access to the facility; perform routine 19 maintenance on the facility; remove inventory, equipment, or structures; properly maintain environmental compliance measures already 20 in place at the facility; conduct remedial actions to clean up releases 21 at the facility; or to perform other similar activities intended to 22 preserve the value of the facility where the borrower has defaulted on 23 24 the loan or otherwise breached the security agreement or after foreclosure and its equivalents and in anticipation of a pending sale, 25 transfer, or assignment, primarily to protect the holder's security 26 interest in the facility. A holder can prepare a facility for sale, 27 28 transfer, or assignment for up to one year prior to foreclosure and its 29 equivalents and still stay within the security interest exemption in 30 subsection (11)(b)(ii) of this section.

(17) "Primarily to protect a security interest" means the indicia 31 of ownership is held primarily for the purpose of securing payment or 32 performance of an obligation. The term does not include indicia of 33 34 ownership held primarily for investment purposes nor indicia of ownership held primarily for purposes other than as protection for a 35 security interest. A holder may have other, secondary reasons, for 36 maintaining indicia of ownership, but the primary reason must be for 37 protection of a security interest. Holding indicia of ownership after 38 39 foreclosure or its equivalents for longer than five years shall be

1 considered to be holding the indicia of ownership for purposes other
2 than primarily to protect a security interest. For facilities that
3 have been acquired through foreclosure or its equivalents prior to the
4 effective date of this act, this five-year period shall begin as of the
5 effective date of this act.

6 (18) "Public notice" means, at a minimum, adequate notice mailed to 7 all persons who have made timely request of the department and to 8 persons residing in the potentially affected vicinity of the proposed 9 action; mailed to appropriate news media; published in the newspaper of 10 largest circulation in the city or county of the proposed action; and 11 opportunity for interested persons to comment.

12 (((11))) (19) "Release" means any intentional or unintentional 13 entry of any hazardous substance into the environment, including but 14 not limited to the abandonment or disposal of containers of hazardous 15 substances.

(((12))) (20) "Remedy" or "remedial action" means any action or 16 17 expenditure consistent with the purposes of this chapter to identify, eliminate, or minimize any threat or potential threat posed by 18 19 hazardous substances to human health or the environment including any 20 investigative and monitoring activities with respect to any release or threatened release of a hazardous substance and any health assessments 21 or health effects studies conducted in order to determine the risk or 22 23 potential risk to human health.

24 (((13))) <u>(21)</u> "Security interest" means an interest in a facility 25 created or established for the purpose of securing a loan or other obligation. Security interests include deeds of trusts, sellers 26 interest in a real estate contract, liens, legal, or equitable title to 27 a facility acquired incident to foreclosure and its equivalents, and 28 29 title pursuant to lease financing transactions. Security interests may 30 also arise from transactions such as sale and leasebacks, conditional <u>sales, installment sales, trust receipt transactions, certain</u> 31 assignments, factoring agreements, accounts receivable financing 32 arrangements, easements, and consignments, if the transaction creates 33 34 or establishes an interest in a facility for the purpose of securing a 35 loan or other obligation.

36 (22) "Industrial properties" means properties that are or have been 37 characterized by, or are to be committed to, traditional industrial 38 uses such as processing or manufacturing of materials, marine terminal 39 and transportation areas and facilities, fabrication, assembly,

1 treatment, or distribution of manufactured products, or storage of bulk
2 materials, that are either:

3 (a) Zoned for industrial use by a city or county conducting land 4 use planning under chapter 36.70A RCW; or

5 (b) For counties not planning under chapter 36.70A RCW and the 6 cities within them, zoned for industrial use and adjacent to properties 7 currently used or designated for industrial purposes.

8 (23) "Workout activities" means those actions by which a holder, at 9 any time prior to foreclosure and its equivalents, seeks to prevent, 10 cure, or mitigate a default by the borrower or obligor; or to preserve, or prevent the diminution of, the value of the security. Workout 11 activities include: Restructuring or renegotiating the terms of the 12 13 security interest; requiring payment of additional rent or interest; exercising forbearance; requiring or exercising rights pursuant to an 14 15 assignment of accounts or other amounts owed to an obligor; requiring or exercising rights pursuant to an escrow agreement pertaining to 16 17 amounts owed to an obligor; providing specific or general financial or other advice, suggestions, counseling, or guidance; and exercising any 18 19 right or remedy the holder is entitled to by law or under any warranties, covenants, conditions, representations, or promises from 20 the borrower. 21

22 **Sec. 2.** RCW 70.105D.030 and 1994 c 257 s 11 and 1994 c 254 s 3 are 23 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:

(1) The department may exercise the following powers in addition toany other powers granted by law:

(a) Investigate, provide for investigating, or require potentially 26 27 liable persons to investigate any releases or threatened releases of hazardous substances, including but not limited to inspecting, 28 29 sampling, or testing to determine the nature or extent of any release 30 or threatened release. If there is a reasonable basis to believe that a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance may exist, the 31 department's authorized employees, agents, or contractors may enter 32 upon any property and conduct investigations. The department shall 33 34 give reasonable notice before entering property unless an emergency prevents such notice. The department may by subpoena require the 35 36 attendance or testimony of witnesses and the production of documents or other information that the department deems necessary; 37

(b) Conduct, provide for conducting, or require potentially liable 1 2 persons to conduct remedial actions (including investigations under (a) of this subsection) to remedy releases or threatened releases of 3 4 hazardous substances. In carrying out such powers, the department's authorized employees, agents, or contractors may enter upon property. 5 The department shall give reasonable notice before entering property 6 unless an emergency prevents such notice. In conducting, providing for, 7 8 or requiring remedial action, the department shall give preference to 9 permanent solutions to the maximum extent practicable and shall provide 10 for or require adequate monitoring to ensure the effectiveness of the remedial action; 11

12 (c) Indemnify contractors retained by the department for carrying 13 out investigations and remedial actions, but not for any contractor's 14 reckless or wilful misconduct;

(d) Carry out all state programs authorized under the federal cleanup law and the federal resource, conservation, and recovery act, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 6901 et seq., as amended;

(e) Classify substances as hazardous substances for purposes of RCW
 70.105D.020(((+6))) (7) and classify substances and products as
 hazardous substances for purposes of RCW 82.21.020(1);

(f) Issue orders or enter into consent decrees or agreed orders that include deed restrictions where necessary to protect human health and the environment from a release or threatened release of a hazardous substance from a facility. Prior to establishing a deed restriction under this subsection, the department shall notify and seek comment from a city or county department with land use planning authority for real property subject to a deed restriction;

(g) Enforce the application of permanent and effective institutional controls that are necessary for a remedial action to be protective of human health and the environment; ((and))

31 (h) <u>Require holders to conduct remedial actions necessary to abate</u> 32 <u>an imminent or substantial endangerment pursuant to RCW</u> 33 <u>70.105D.020(11)(b)(ii)(C); and</u>

(i) Take any other actions necessary to carry out the provisions of
 this chapter, including the power to adopt rules under chapter 34.05
 RCW.

37 (2) The department shall immediately implement all provisions of38 this chapter to the maximum extent practicable, including investigative

and remedial actions where appropriate. The department shall adopt,
 and thereafter enforce, rules under chapter 34.05 RCW to:

3 (a) Provide for public participation, including at least (i) the 4 establishment of regional citizen's advisory committees, (ii) public 5 notice of the development of investigative plans or remedial plans for 6 releases or threatened releases, and (iii) concurrent public notice of 7 all compliance orders, agreed orders, enforcement orders, or notices of 8 violation;

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(b) Establish a hazard ranking system for hazardous waste sites;

10 (c) Establish reasonable deadlines not to exceed ninety days for 11 initiating an investigation of a hazardous waste site after the 12 department receives information that the site may pose a threat to 13 human health or the environment and other reasonable deadlines for 14 remedying releases or threatened releases at the site;

(d) Publish and periodically update minimum cleanup standards for remedial actions at least as stringent as the cleanup standards under section 121 of the federal cleanup law, 42 U.S.C. Sec. 9621, and at least as stringent as all applicable state and federal laws, including health-based standards under state and federal law; and

20 (e) Apply industrial clean-up standards at industrial properties. Rules adopted under this subsection shall ensure that industrial 21 properties cleaned up to industrial standards cannot be converted to 22 23 nonindustrial uses without approval from the department. The 24 department may require that a property cleaned up to industrial 25 standards is cleaned up to a more stringent applicable standard as a 26 condition of conversion to a nonindustrial use. Industrial clean-up 27 standards may not be applied to industrial properties where hazardous substances remaining at the property after remedial action pose a 28 29 threat to human health or the environment in adjacent nonindustrial 30 areas.

31 (3) Before November 1st of each even-numbered year, the department shall develop, with public notice and hearing, and submit to the ways 32 and means and appropriate standing environmental committees of the 33 34 senate and house of representatives a ranked list of projects and 35 expenditures recommended for appropriation from both the state and local toxics control accounts. The department shall also provide the 36 37 legislature and the public each year with an accounting of the department's activities supported by appropriations from the state 38 39 toxics control account, including a list of known hazardous waste sites

and their hazard rankings, actions taken and planned at each site, how
 the department is meeting its top two management priorities under RCW
 70.105.150, and all funds expended under this chapter.

4 (4) The department shall establish a scientific advisory board to 5 render advice to the department with respect to the hazard ranking system, cleanup standards, remedial actions, deadlines for remedial 6 actions, monitoring, the classification of substances as hazardous 7 substances for purposes of RCW 70.105D.020(((+6))) (7) and the 8 classification of substances or products as hazardous substances for 9 10 purposes of RCW 82.21.020(1). The board shall consist of five independent members to serve staggered three-year terms. 11 No members may be employees of the department. Members shall be reimbursed for 12 travel expenses as provided in RCW 43.03.050 and 43.03.060. 13

(5) The department shall establish a program to identify potential
 hazardous waste sites and to encourage persons to provide information
 about hazardous waste sites.

Passed the House March 8, 1995. Passed the Senate April 5, 1995. Approved by the Governor April 17, 1995. Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 17, 1995.

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